## SECTION 1: Identification

### 1.1. Identification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product form</th>
<th>Substance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Substance name</td>
<td>Potassium Hydroxide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAS-No.</td>
<td>1310-58-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formula</td>
<td>KOH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Synonyms</td>
<td>caustic potash / caustic potash dry / caustic potash, dry solid, flake, bead or granular / caustic potash, solid / caustic potash, solid / hydrate of potash / hydrate of potassium / hydroxide of potash / hydroxide of potassium / lye (=potassium hydroxide) / potash / potash hydrate / potash lye / potassium hydrate / potassium hydroxide (K(OH)) / potassium hydroxide dry / potassium hydroxide pellets / potassium hydroxide, dry solid, flake, bead or granular / potassium hydroxide, solid / potassium hydroxide, solid / Potassium hydroxide, solid / potassium lye</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

| Use of the substance/mixture | For laboratory and manufacturing use only. |
| Recommended use              | Laboratory chemicals                       |
| Restrictions on use          | Not for food, drug or household use         |

### 1.3. Supplier

Rolfes Chemicals.  
Strachan Road Industries East, Germiston South  
011 873 0157

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 0860 44 44 11

## SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

**GHS-US classification**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acute toxicity (oral)</th>
<th>H302</th>
<th>Harmful if swallowed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Category 4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin corrosion/irritation</td>
<td>H314</td>
<td>Causes severe skin burns and eye damage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category 1A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute</td>
<td>H402</td>
<td>Harmful to aquatic life</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazard Category 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of H statements : see section 16

### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

**GHS-US labeling**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GHS05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GHS07</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signal word (GHS-US)</th>
<th>Danger</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Hazard statements (GHS-US) | H302 - Harmful if swallowed  
|                        | H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  
|                        | H402 - Harmful to aquatic life  |

| Precautionary statements (GHS-US) | P260 - Do not breathe dust.  
|                                   | P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.  
|                                   | P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
|                                   | P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
|                                   | P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection.  
|                                   | P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  |
Potassium Hydroxide
SAFETY DATA SHEET
ACCORDING TO SANS 10231
REVISION DATE: 27/02/2019

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards not contributing to the classification: None under normal conditions.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Substance type: Mono-constituent

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Product identifier</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>GHS-US classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Potassium Hydroxide</td>
<td>(CAS-No.) 1310-58-3</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Skin Corr. 1A, H314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Aquatic Acute 3, H402</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures


First-aid measures after inhalation: Remove the victim into fresh air. Doctor: administration of corticoid spray. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.

First-aid measures after skin contact: Wash immediately with lots of water (15 minutes)/shower. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. Remove clothing while washing. Do not remove clothing if it sticks to the skin. Cover wounds with sterile bandage. Consult a doctor/medical service. If burned surface > 10%: take victim to hospital.

First-aid measures after eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Cover eyes aseptically. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist.


4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)


Symptoms/effects after skin contact: Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin. Slow-healing wounds.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact: Corrosion of the eye tissue. Permanent eye damage. Blindness.


Chronic symptoms: No effects known.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

No additional information available
SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: EXTINGUISHING MEDIA FOR SURROUNDING FIRES: Adapt extinguishing media to the environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No unsuitable extinguishing media known.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard: DIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Non combustible. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Reactions involving a fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard".

Explosion hazard: INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Reactions with explosion hazards: see "Reactivity Hazard".

Reactivity: Violent exothermic reaction with water (moisture). Reacts on exposure to water (moisture) with combustible materials: risk of spontaneous ignition. Reacts on exposure to water (moisture) with (some) metals: release of highly flammable gases/vapours (hydrogen). Absorbs the atmospheric CO2. Violent to explosive reaction with many compounds e.g.: with organic material, with (some) halogens and with (some) acids: heat release resulting in increased fire or explosion risk.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions: Cool tanks/drum with water spray/remove them into safety. Take account of toxic fire-fighting water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or contain it.


SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel


Measures in case of dust release: In case of dust production: keep upwind. Dust production: have neighbourhood close doors and windows.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures: Ventilate area. Stop release.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment: Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Consult "Material-handling" to select material of containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the solid spill. Knock down/dilute dust cloud with water spray. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water. Hazardous reaction: measure explosive gas-air mixture. Reaction: dilute combustible gas/vapour with water curtain.

Methods for cleaning up: Collect the spill only if it is in a dry state. Wetted substance: cover with dry sand/earth. Scoop solid spill into closing containers. See "Material-handling" for suitable container materials. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority.

Small quantities of liquid spill: neutralize with dilute acid solution. Wash away neutralized product with plentiful water. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling: Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Use corrosionproof equipment. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Avoid raising dust. Avoid contact of substance with water. Observe very strict hygiene - avoid contact. Keep container tightly closed. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection.
Hygiene measures: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage temperature: 20 °C
Heat-ignition: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources.
Prohibitions on mixed storage: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: combustible materials, oxidizing agents, strong acids, highly flammable materials, metals, organic materials, water/moisture.
Storage area: Store in a dry area. Keep container in a well-ventilated place. Keep locked up. Provide for a tub to collect spills. Unauthorized persons are not admitted. Meet the legal requirements.
Special rules on packaging: SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: hermetical, watertight, corrosion-proof, dry, clean, correctly labelled, meet the legal requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.
Packaging materials: SUITABLE MATERIAL: steel, stainless steel, carbon steel, iron, nickel, cardboard, synthetic material, glass, stoneware/porcelain. MATERIAL TO AVOID: lead, aluminium, copper, tin, zinc, bronze, polyethylene.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Potassium Hydroxide (1310-58-3)</th>
<th>ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)</th>
<th>NIOSH REL (ceiling) (ppm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>2 mg/m³ (Potassium hydroxide; USA; Momentary value; TLV - Adopted Value)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NIOSH</td>
<td>2 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Emergency eye wash fountains should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Materials for protective clothing:
GIVE EXCELLENT RESISTANCE: butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene, nitrile rubber, PVC, viton. GIVE LESS RESISTANCE: No data available. GIVE POOR RESISTANCE: leather, natural fibres, PVA

Hand protection:
Gloves

Eye protection:
Face shield

Skin and body protection:
Corrosion-proof clothing. In case of dust production: head/neck protection

Respiratory protection:
Dust production: dust mask with filter type P3. Self-contained breathing apparatus if conc. in air > 1 vol %

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical state</th>
<th>Solid</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Solid in various shapes. Powder.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Color
- White to light yellow

### Odor
- Odorless

### Odor threshold
- No data available

### pH
- 13.5 (0.60 %)

### pH solution
- 0.6 %

### Melting point
- 360 °C

### Freezing point
- No data available

### Boiling point
- No data available

### Flash point
- Not applicable

### Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)
- No data available

### Flammability (solid, gas)
- No data available

### Vapor pressure
- < 0.1 hPa (20 °C)

### Relative vapor density at 20 °C
- No data available

### Relative density
- 2 (20 °C)

### Specific gravity / density
- 2044 kg/m³ (20 °C)

### Molecular mass
- 56.11 g/mol

### Solubility
- Exothermically soluble in water. Soluble in ethanol. Soluble in glycerol. Water: 112 g/100ml

### Log Pow
- No data available

### Auto-ignition temperature
- Not applicable

### Decomposition temperature
- No data available

### Viscosity, kinematic
- No data available

### Viscosity, dynamic
- No data available

### Explosion limits
- No data available

### Explosive properties
- None.

### Minimum ignition energy
- Not applicable

### SADT
- Not applicable

### VOC content
- 0 %

### Other properties
- Translucent. Hygroscopic. Substance has basic reaction.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity
Violent exothermic reaction with water (moisture). Reacts on exposure to water (moisture) with combustible materials: risk of spontaneous ignition. Reacts on exposure to water (moisture) with (some) metals: release of highly flammable gases/vapours (hydrogen). Absorbs the atmospheric CO2. Violent to explosive reaction with many compounds e.g.: with organic material, with (some) halogens and with (some) acids: heat release resulting in increased fire or explosion risk.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability
Hygroscopic. Absorbs atmospheric CO2.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Reacts violently with water. Reacts violently with acids.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
Potassium oxide.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects
Likely routes of exposure: Skin and eye contact
Acute toxicity: Oral: Harmful if swallowed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Potassium Hydroxide (1310-58-3)</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LD50 oral rat</td>
<td>333 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 425; Experimental value)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATE US (oral)</td>
<td>333 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

pH: 13.5 (0.60 %)

Serious eye damage/irritation: Not classified

pH: 13.5 (0.60 %)

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Reproductive toxicity: Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure: Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure: Not classified

Aspiration hazard: Not classified


Symptoms/effects after skin contact: Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin. Slow-healing wounds.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact: Corrosion of the eye tissue. Permanent eye damage. Blindness.


Chronic symptoms: No effects known.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity
Ecology - air: Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Potassium Hydroxide (1310-58-3)</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LC50 fish 2</td>
<td>80 mg/l (LC50; 96 h; Gambusia affinis; Static system; Fresh water)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.2. Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Potassium Hydroxide (1310-58-3)</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Persistence and degradability</td>
<td>Biodegradability: not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical oxygen demand (COD)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ThOD</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Potassium Hydroxide (1310-58-3)</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bioaccumulative potential</td>
<td>Bioaccumulation: not applicable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.4. Mobility in soil
No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects
No additional information available
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste disposal recommendations: Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Should not be landfilled with household waste. Recycle/reuse. Immobilize the toxic or harmful components. Precipitate/make insoluble. Remove to an authorized dump (Class I). Treat using the best available techniques before discharge into drains or the aquatic environment.

Additional information: LWCA (the Netherlands): KGA category 05. Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description: UN1813 Potassium hydroxide, solid, 8, II

UN-No.(DOT): UN1813

Proper Shipping Name (DOT): Potassium hydroxide, solid

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT): 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136

Packing group (DOT): II - Medium Danger

Hazard labels (DOT): 8 - Corrosive

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx): 212

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx): 240

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102): IIB - Authorized IBCs: Metal (11A, 11B, 11N, 21A, 21B, 21N, 31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (11H1, 11H2, 21H1, 21H2, 31H1 and 31H2); Composite (11HZ1, 11HZ2, 21HZ1, 21HZ2, 31HZ1 and 31HZ2); Fiberboard (11G); Wooden (11C, 11D and 11F); Flexible (13H1, 13H2, 13H3, 13H4, 13H5, 13L1, 13L2, 13L3, 13L4, 13M1 or 13M2).

IP2 - When IBCs other than metal or rigid plastics IBCs are used, they must be offered for transportation in a closed freight container or a closed transport vehicle.

IP4 - Flexible, fiberboard or wooden IBCs must be silt-proof and water-resistant or be fitted with a silt-proof and water-resistant liner.

T3 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal............. 178.275(d)(2)

TP33 - The portable tank instruction assigned for this substance applies for granular and powdered solids and for solids which are filled and discharged at temperatures above their melting point which are cooled and transported as a solid mass. Solid substances transported or offered for transport above their melting point are authorized for transportation in portable tanks conforming to the provisions of portable tank instruction T4 for solid substances of packing group III or T7 for solid substances of packing group II, unless a tank with more stringent requirements for minimum shell thickness, maximum allowable working pressure, pressure-relief devices or bottom outlets are assigned in which case the more stringent tank instruction and special provisions shall apply. Filling limits must be in accordance with portable tank special provision TP3. Solids meeting the definition of an elevated temperature material must be transported in accordance with the applicable requirements of this subchapter.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx): 154

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27): 15 kg

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75): 50 kg

DOT Vessel Stowage Location: A - The material may be stowed “on deck” or “under deck” on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

DOT Vessel Stowage Other: 52 - Stow “separated from” acids

Other information: No supplementary information available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations
Potassium Hydroxide (1310-58-3)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States SARA Section 313

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)</th>
<th>1000 lb</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes</td>
<td>Immediate (acute) health hazard</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA
No additional information available

EU-Regulations
No additional information available

National regulations
No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

SECTION 16: Other information

All reasonable efforts were exercised to compile this SDS in accordance with GHS SANS 10234. The SDS provides information regarding the health, safety and environmental hazards, at the date of issue, to facilitate the safe receipt, use and handling of the product in the workplace. Rolfe's Chemicals cannot anticipate or control all conditions under which the product may be handled, used and received in the workplace, it remains the obligation of each user, receiver or handler to, prior to usage, review this SDS in the context within which the product will be received, handled or used in the workplace. The user, handler or receiver must ensure that the necessary mitigating measures are in place as regards health and safety. This does not substitute the need or requirement for any relevant risk assessments to be conducted. It further remains the responsibility of the receiver, handler or user to communicate such information to all relevant parties that may be involved in the receipt, use or handling of the product. Although all reasonable efforts were exercised in the compilation of this SDS, Rolfe's Chemicals does not expressly warrant the accuracy or assume any liability for the incompleteness of the information contained herein or any advice given. The product is sold and risk passes in accordance with the specific terms and conditions of sale.